

TO

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FROM

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SUBJECT

Thoughts Pertaining to Youth, Hot Rodders and Chevrolet

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THE HOT ROD movement and interest in things connected with hop-up and speed is still growing. As an indication: the publications devoted to hotrodding and hop-upping of which some half-dozen have a very large circulation and are distributed nationally, dod not exist some 6 years ago.

From cover to cover, they are full of Fords. This is not surprising then that the majority of hot-rodders are eating, sleeping and dreaming modified Fords. They know Ford parts from stem to stern better than the Ford people themselves.

A young man buying a magazine for the first time immediately becomes introduced to Ford. It is reasonable to assume that when hot-rodders or hot-rod influenced persons buy transportation, they buy Fords. As they progress in age and income, they graduate from jalopies, to second hand fords, then to new Fords.

Should we consider that it would be desirable to make these youths Chevrolet-minded? I think that we are in a position to carry out successful attempt. However, there are many factors against us —

- 1. Loyalty and experience with Ford.
- 2. Hop-up industry is geared to Ford.
- The law of numbers thousands are and will be working on Fords for active competition.
- Appearance of Ford overhead V-8, now one year ahead of us.

When a superior line of G.M. V-8's appeared, there were remarkably few attempts to develop these and none too successful. Also, the appearance of the V-8 Chrysler was met with reluctance even though the successes of Ardun-Fords conditioned them to acceptance of Firepower.

This year is the first in which isolated Chrysler developments met with success. The Bonneville records are divided between Ardun-Fords and Chryslers.

In the non acceptance of G.M. V-8's, the very slow beginning of acceptance of Chryslers, cost must have played a part. Like all people, hot-rodders are attracted by novelty. However, bitter experience taught them that new development is costly and long and therefore are extremely conservative. From my observation, it takes an advanced hot-rodder some three years to stumble toward the successful development of a new design. Overhead Fords will be in this state in 1956-57.

The slide rule potential of our RPO V-8 engine is extremely high but to let things run their natural course will put us one year behind and then not too many will pick up Chevrolet for development.

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It seems that unless by some action the odds and the time factor are not overcome, Ford will continue to dominate the thinking of this group. One factor which can largely overcome the handicap would be the availability of ready engineered parts for high output.

If the use of the Chevrolet engine will be made easy and the very first attempts will be crowned with success, the appeal of the new will take hold and not having the stigma of expensiveness like the Cadillac or Chrysler, a swing to Chevrolet may be anticipated. This means the developmment of a range of special parts — camshafts, valves, springs, manifolds, pistons and such will be made available to the public.

The association of Chevrolet with hot rods, speeds and such is probably inadmissible, but possibly the existence of the Corvette provides the loop hole. If the special parts are carried as RPO items for the Corvette, they undoubtedly will be recognized by the hot-rodders as the very parts they were looking for to hop up the Chevy.

If it is desirable or not to associate the Corvette with speed, I am not qualified to say, but I do know that in 1954, sports car enthusiasts will get hold of Corvettes and whether we like it or not, will race it. Most frequent statement from this group is "we will put a Cadillac in it." They are going to, and I think this is not good! Most

likely they will meet with Allard trouble — that is, breaking sooner or later, mostly sooner, everything between the flywheel and road wheels.

In 1955, with the V-8 engine, if unaided, they will be still outclassed. The market-wise negligible number of cars purchased for competition attracts public attention and publicity out of proportion to their number. Since we cannot prevent the people from racing Corvettes, maybe it is better to help them to do a good job at it.

To make good in this field, the RPO parts must pertain not only to the engine but to the chassis components as well. Engineering-wise, development of these RPO items, as far as the chassis concerned, does not fall out of line with some of the planned activity of our group. Use of light alloys, brake development — composite drums, disc and such — are on the agenda of the Research and Development group already.

As I stated above, V-8 RPO engine has a high power potential — it is hard to beat inches, but having only 80% of cubic inches, it has 96% of square inches of piston area of the Cadillac. In my estimation, the power output comparable to the Cadillac can be obtained not exceeding 270 ft. lb. of torque at any point. (323 ft. lb. of Cadillac?\*. The task of making power train reliable is therefore easier.

The thoughts are offered for what they are worth — one man's thinking aloud on the subject.

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\* The comparison pertains to a special type of Cadillac

## 53-55 Soft Top Mohair Flap

by Roy Braatz

N A PAST issue I mentioned this before, but I've been asked about it again, so I decided to rewrite another one.

Originally 53-55 had this unique feature made into the soft top material on the left and right side near where the side snap is. The reason was to keep air from going up your neck (which only seems to happen when the side windows are installed, and you open the vent window on either door.) And if you live in a climate that is cold, you usually would have the side windows installed. I heard where people stuff a sock there to close off the air. Fig. 1 shows an original top on a 53. About a two inch wide mohair, backed by soft top material and is sewn into the soft top stitching. When raising the top before you snap the snap, you would first lift the flap in place. I have never seen any company that makes a top with this characteristic. I believe they are not aware of it. If you already have a good repro top installed, you just have to make up one and sew it in yourself (it is of the same mohair material that the rear lower seal is). then you can spend time rationalizing to others that it was originally done that way. Editor

## 57 Red Top Washer

by Roy Braatz

GAIN IN ONE issue I mentioned the red top Awasher, that the original had a raised area and a circle with the Trico logo inside it. I see ads that say original red tops at a cost that is an absurdity for the wrong one. The ones I've seen, that are accepted original, are the second design that was used on many different makes in the 60's, like truck, studebaker and so on. I found mine at a Vette swap (cheap) because the seller thought it was wrong, because all the other 57's had the second design, and he thought that was right. This is a very hard top to find, because it came on the Vette when new and the second design was sold over the parts counter. This is a fact, that many people aren't aware of, that Trico at times would supply one design directly to the factory and another design to the parts houses, and many other suppliers did this too. One was a G.M. spelled out requirement to the plant assembly and the parts department could have been or was a servicable part, called a second design or a replacement. Also the bottom container was a soft milky white material, not a hard white container as the second design. —Editor